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 Phoenix, Arizona.

WEDNESDAY, Jan. 19, 1898

GOVERNOR MCCORD'S REPORT.

The Journal-Miner is in receipt of a copy of Governor McCord's report to the Secretary of the Interior. It is a pamphlet of 162 pages, and treats very exhaustively of the resources of Arizona, its social and financial condition. The report is very profusely illustrated, the subjects being all new and not having appeared heretofore in any similar publication. His recommendations in regard to the military posts of Arizona, are significant, and are of special interest to the people of this section. On this subject he says:

"I assume that it is not unreasonable to expect that, in lieu of the present smaller outlying posts, it will probably be considered desirable, within a few years, to concentrate the troops now distributed about the territory at two or three principal points. With such a prospect in view, and having in mind the commercial interests heretofore referred to, I insist that it would be unwise and unjust to Arizona and her citizens for the general government now or hereafter to restrict and narrow the strong and beneficial influences now being realized as the result of the maintenance of the various military posts in the territory without first seriously considering the requirements that will in all probability exist and be fully demonstrated within the next few years as a result of a continuation of the present extensive development of the territory's natural resources.

"It might not be out of place for me to call attention to the fact that during the strike of 1894, which so seriously affected all transportation companies, every available soldier stationed at Whipple Barracks was called into service to protect the United States mails and the traveling public, as well as life and property, within the territory, and was on duty for weeks. While it is to be hoped we shall not be afflicted with a similar occurrence, yet no one can foretell; and with the hundreds of miles of railroad stretching across sparsely settled districts, I feel that Arizona has a right to ask liberal consideration at the hands of the general government, in order that every possible safety may be guaranteed to her citizens, at least until such time as Arizona will have been admitted as a state, and be better able to depend upon her own resources in protecting her largely exposed frontier.

"It hardly seems just that troops should be centralized in and about the larger cities, where they are not needed, at the expense of new territory. While it is true that we have very little fear at this time from the various tribes of Indian within our border, the fact remains nevertheless, that there is always a possibility of trouble so long as they exist in present numbers. Their quiet and peaceable condition of the present day is largely due, it can not be denied, to the presence of government troops at the various posts. If Arizona were better understood, withdrawal of troops would not prove such a serious matter, but a large majority of the people of the United States today associate with the name of Arizona the likelihood of Indian outbreaks and border warfare and the consequent horrors. Leaving out the possibility of trouble with Indians, we have vast commercial interests, as heretofore stated, to be considered, extending over large territory to the Mexican border, and the presence of government troops, though they may never be called into active service again, is, and will continue to be, an important factor in the development of Arizona's limitless resources."

SUMMARY PUNISHMENT.

The Los Angeles Times has the following strong and well timed article in regard to the need of firmer administration of justice in this country:

"Even the most enthusiastic and patriotic American who has traveled abroad must admit that there are a few things which they do better in other countries than in the United States. Among these is the prompt moving out of justice to criminals. There is no country in the world, civilized or uncivilized, where a convicted criminal is given so many chances to escape the punishment that is due to him as in the United States, and from year to year this condition of affairs appears to grow worse, until it has become a matter of course for a criminal whose guilt is undisputed, to have his case postponed from month to month, and perhaps from year to year, provided he has sufficient 'pull' financially or politically. Every other excuse failing, there is always a good chance for him to secure a pardon, after a brief incarceration.

"In other countries, when a man is convicted of crime, he is punished. It is true that he is sometimes punished even before conviction, but then, in such cases, there is seldom any doubt about his guilt. As an instance of the different way in which they handle these things in our neighboring republic of Mexico, a story drifting up from Sonora is of interest. A short time ago a paymaster went down into Sonora with between \$5,000 and \$7,000. He stopped overnight at a ranch, where he was robbed and murdered. The robbers were caught by the local police, but the magistrate discharged them. Then the government took a hand in the affair. The robbers were caught again and shot immediately. The magistrate who had acquitted them was also shot. The watchman at whose house the robbery occurred was also shot. Some distant accessories after the fact were shot. In all, sixteen men were shot.

"If this crime had occurred in the United States, the probability is that the attorneys for the criminals would just now be beginning to apply for a postponement of the preliminary trial."

NEED OF A CAPITOL BUILDING.

Governor McCord, in his annual report, makes the following argument in favor of the erection of a capitol building for this territory:

There are several reasons why good citizens should unite in pressing the enterprise:

First. It will take out of politics a prolific source of bad feeling and corrupt legislation.

Second. It will provide a safe place for the federal and territorial books and records. At present they are scattered in six different parts of Phoenix, and kept in wooden desks and boxes, liable at any time to be stolen or destroyed by fire. The only office that has an iron safe is that of the secretary. The governor, auditor, board of control, treasurer, the attorney general, the federal courts, all keep their records and papers in unprotected desks. It is criminal carelessness to continue this condition when there is a way out of the difficulty, which the legislature has wisely provided.

Third. The act provides that all the money derived from rents shall be turned into the territorial treasury and applied to the interest on the bonds. Between \$4,000 and \$5,000 is now paid annually for rents by the federal and territorial governments, so no additional burden will be added to the taxpayer.

Fourth. The territory has held since July, 1889, a deed for the ten acres of ground adjoining Phoenix, containing a clause that in the event that the grounds were not used for capitol purposes they should revert to the grantors. The members of committee of the legislature, in considering the appropriation, informed the grantors of the tract that if an absolute deed of conveyance was made without any reserve they would make the appropriation. The owners of the land, relying on the good faith and integrity of the legislature and the people, did make the deed of conveyance and parted with all their interests without any possible means of recovery. The territory can, if it wishes, defraud the grantors of the consideration and keep the land, but there is no such desire upon the part of any body. Good faith on the part of the territory requires, however, that the building of the capitol be proceeded with as fast as the circumstances will admit.

"FOURTEEN" MILITARY POSTS.

Our contemporary works itself up into a white heat this morning over Governor McCord's recommendation, in his report, for the retention of Whipple as a military post. Of course, had the governor recommended its abandonment, it would have howled just the same. Among the choice samples of argument (if it uses against the governor, is this: "The murder of workmen crying for bread never appeals to such men. Troops are needed in Arizona on account of Indians, on account of our closeness to the Mexican border. They are not needed to shoot down toilers and never were, although such an argument may prove effective with times on record for the massacre of toilers."

Just what point there is in this reference to the "murder of workmen," we fail to see, as we have never heard of the Whipple troops murdering any workmen. The governor did not say anything in his report about needing soldiers "to shoot down toilers," either, so that simile seems rather far fetched, as it were. So far as the history of the territory furnishes information, we can find no record of the "massacre of toilers" anywhere in Arizona, by the military, or otherwise, except by the Apaches. But if the stationing of troops in Arizona is going to result in the "massacre of toilers" and the "murder of workmen," it might, perhaps, after all, be just as well to remove them.

"IT WAS A DEMOCRATIC PAPER."

"The recent force enacted by the Ohio legislature and senate in the election of Sackett Hanna as U. S. senator is another strong argument in favor of the direct election of U. S. senators by the people."—Courier.

The spectacle of the Ohio democracy forsaking their professed principles and uniting in the support of a republican for the United States senate may well be called a farce. It is no more a farce, though, than democrats usually play when not in a majority. They are always ready to surrender principles, if they have any, and to enter into any kind of fusion or combination to defeat their common political enemy. The fact that Mr. Hanna was the choice of the republicans of Ohio was the reason he was elected. Such pressure was brought to bear upon the members of the legislature by public sentiment that those who personally disliked Mr. Hanna were forced to vote for him by their constituents.

SCIENTIFIC PROGRESS.

The New York Tribune classifies as the four most important scientific achievements of the year just closed, the following:

1. The development, by the British torpedo boat destroyer Turbinia, of a speed of thirty-five knots per hour.
2. The transmission of telegraphic messages to a distance of ten or fifteen miles without wires.
3. The discovery of the bacillus of yellow fever by Sanarelli.
4. The discovery of Prof. H. H. Schermer, of the University of Illinois, which goes to prove the existence of a high state of civilization in Mesopotamia 6,000 or 7,000 years before the birth of Christ.

The heaviest distribution as holiday presents ever made by a single man, under a republican form of government, has just been completed by Boss Croker, of Tammany.

There is a temporary lull in the Cuban warfare.

Secretary Gage is quoted as favoring a modification of the civil service law, which shows that his head is level.

Kurtz received one vote for United States senator, as compensation for his bitter personal fight against Senator Hanna.

The annexation of Cuba will occupy the attention of the senate this week. Some able speeches will be made on both sides of the question.

President McKinley and the republican leaders in Congress can be trusted not to fall into any of the numerous traps the opposition is engaged in setting for them.

The rapid increase in the revenues produced by the Dingley tariff has convinced even the most skeptical that no further tariff legislation will be needed.

Should that long predicted European war materialize in the near future, Joe Leiter, with his 7,000,000 bushels of wheat, would be one of the most important individuals in the world.

When the result of the vote in the lower house of the Ohio legislature was announced in favor of Hanna, the crowd broke forth with shouts and sang "Praise God from whom all blessings flow."

A. W. Bailey, of Hotel Coronado, California, sent an order recently to Denver for sixty girls for his dining room. The stipulations were that all must be good looking, must not weigh over 160 pounds and must not wear short hair.

At the informal vote taken in the Ohio legislature on Tuesday, Hanna received 56 votes in the House and 17 in the Senate, enough to elect him. The vote on joint ballot will be taken today, Wednesday, January 12.

The sooner those republicans who place the gratification of their personal ambition above the success of the party and the maintenance of its principles are made to take back seats, the better it will be for the party.

"Old Interrogation Point," otherwise known as Li Hung Chang, is again on top in China, and his official statement of the present helplessness of China against European greed is both able and pathetic.

The Ohio democrats stood in with Kurtz all right in his opposition to Hanna, but when it came to voting for him, for Hanna's place, his democratic ally turned him down too quick. No man ever made a permanent point in politics by turning traitor to his party.

Despite the wails of the calamity howlers, the credit of Arizona is more than ten percent better today, under Governor McCord's administration, than it was under democratic rule. It would please these calamity howlers better, no doubt, to have warrants selling at a discount for the benefit of the warrant shavers, whom they affect to denounce.

Shades of Moses! How the Buckley organ snorts because territorial warrants are at par; because returning property has enabled taxpayers to pay several thousand dollars more taxes this year than last, thus preventing them from becoming delinquent; and because Governor McCord recommended the retention of Whipple Barracks as a military post for the protection of property from every possible source.

If the policy outlined by the Buckley organ were to be pursued in Arizona, not only would the troops stationed at Whipple Barracks be a necessity, but the entire standing army of the United States would be required for the protection of property. The great mass of the people of Arizona, however, does not agree with the repudiator that the property of a corporation, or of a wealthy individual, is a fit subject for plunder at will.

An exchange says that "the Los Angeles Times has dropped into the yellow back rut." While the Sunday Magazine of the Times has a yellow cover to it, there is nothing in any part of the paper suggestive of "yellow journalism." The Los Angeles Times is the cleanest paper received at this office. The news are presented in it in an attractive manner, but without any of the sensational features, and lacking the disgusting and nauseating cheap illustration business indulged in by many papers.

At Sausalito, California, the other day, an attorney talked back to the court when he was fined \$50.00 for contempt of court. The imposing of this fine only aggravated the excited attorney, when he retorted with a vile epithet at the judge. The latter could arise from the bench, walked down to where the attorney was seated, and with a well aimed blow with his fist in the attorney's face. The latter was then removed from the court room by a deputy sheriff. The proceeding was not very dignified, but seemed effective.

A fight is on in Denver between the business men and newspapers. Denver has four daily papers, two published in the morning and two in the afternoon. The managers of the four papers were recently invited to a business conference with the leading business men and advertisers of the town. At this conference they were informed that fourteen of the leading advertising firms had entered into an iron clad contract to withdraw all their advertising patronage from the papers, unless a concession of twenty-five per cent of the rates previously charged them was made. The newspapers refused, and the advertisements of the fourteen firms have been withdrawn. The talk of starting a paper on the co-operative plan, should they do so, they will find at the close of the year, that they have paid out about two or three times as much for their expenses, as advertising at the old rates would have cost them.

European demonstrations on the coast of China and the rapid strengthening of Japan's navy show that a new era is at hand in the Pacific. A failure to annex Hawaii now would be the final loss of a great opportunity.

London society is ridiculing the snobbery of the Bradley-Martins who are now in the city of fogdom because the said Bradley-Martins as ex-Americans are fond of rank and title. A London special says: "The hunting papers are chaffing Mr. and Mrs. Bradley-Martins upon their love of rank and titles. It appears that the door of everybody staying at Balaan bears a large card bearing the occupant's name and title. The door of the nursery of the baby of Lady Craven (daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Bradley-Martins) has upon it 'Viscount Uffington,' the title of the eldest son of the Earl of Craven." An Englishman hates to be beaten at his own game.

"Under present conditions our beloved organization is slowly but surely disintegrating," says the Populists in the national address which they have just formulated in St. Louis. This judgment appears to be correct. About half of the Populist party seems to stick to the Bryanite coalition, and, of course, the straightouts hate and denounce that element. It would be well for them, however, to be tender toward Bryan. The Populists may expel Bryan from this time and 1900, and in that event he will drift back to the Populists, and they may find it advisable to nominate him. They could easily make a worse selection.

Globe-Democrat.

Dun's Review: "In failures 1897 was not only the best year since 1892, but on the whole the best ever definitely known. With 13,522 failures in number, 11.5 per cent, less than 1896, and \$182,587,771 defaulted liabilities, 94.0 per cent, less than in 1896, the year's banking failures counted for \$28,240,700, and the commercial failures were but 13,351, with liabilities of \$154,320,701, the average per failure being only \$11,559, the lowest ever known except in 1892. But even in that year the failures during the last half averaged liabilities of \$10,477 per failure, while in the last half of 1897 the average was only 9,533. Failures for the week have been 322 in the United States, against 471 last year, and in Canada 32 against 62 last year."

President Dole of Hawaii, arrived in San Francisco last Sunday on his way to Washington, D. C. In an interview President Dole said: "I do not come to the United States to work for annexation. I am merely on a friendly visit to this country and its President. I expect to remain in San Francisco three or four days, when I will start directly for Washington. I will there call upon President McKinley. It was thought best by the Hawaiian government that during the consideration of the treaty by the United States Senate I should be in Washington, and advise the Hawaiian government on certain matters. I think the sentiment of the people of the island is more than ever in favor of annexation. To be sure, there are some natives who are indifferent and others who are opposed to annexation. The department stores of Denver, which have inaugurated a fight against the newspapers of that city, are likely to have a little trouble with the city council. Small retail dealers engaged in one line exclusively, complain that the department stores do not pay a license, commensurate with the various lines of business they engage in, and a bill is pending in the city council there requiring such places to pay \$1,000 a year license fee each, and there is every reason to believe that it will pass. The measure was drawn by the city attorney at the request of the aldermen, and to make assurance doubly sure that it will hold good, it will be submitted to counsel before being passed.

"The J. M. justifies over the election of Mark Hanna," says the Courier. Just as though it were expected that a republican paper should mourn over the success of a republican. Our contemporary would have probably justified had McKisson been elected. That gentleman stated his politics when he was called before the caucus and said: "Gentlemen: Publicly and before the people, I am and must be a republican. But I assure you and pledge you that, if elected to the United States Senate by this fusion, I will stand upon the Chicago platform." That is the kind of a man the democrats selected to defeat a straight out and uncompromising republican. A man who would publicly announce his position in this manner is unworthy to hold any public position, and the man who would support him after hearing such a declaration from his lips is no better than he. The pledge, though, was satisfactory, and the caucus declared for McKisson for the long and short terms.

When Governor McCord went into office, territorial warrants were selling at 90 cents. Shortly afterwards they jumped up to 95 cents, and two days ago they sold in Phoenix at par. This is another "calamity" that has befallen the territory which our democratic friends do not mention. While referring to territorial officials and their supporters as "the gang," "buddies," and similar epithets, these would be critics fail to point out a single act where the territory has been a sufferer from any official act. At the same time a reduction of expenses has been made and the territorial credit, as shown by the advance in the price of territorial warrants of over 10 per cent, stands far better than when a democratic governor relinquished the reins of government. With existing facts, democrats will find it up hill work to manufacture legitimate criticism of the territorial administration, but they can stand back and howl and hurl epithets, just as they always have done in the absence of argument.

THE JOURNALISTIC PRESIDENT.
 One of the greatest curses with which this country has to contend is the journalistic freak. He is not a full fledged pessimist, because he only half believes the dark-hued pen pictures his diseased brain forever and continually paints of the prevailing conditions. He excuses to himself his hypocrisy because he believes he is pandering to popular clamor and thereby takes to himself great honor for his shrewd double-faced dealings with the general public. His mission seems to be to breed and disseminate discontent. He pounces upon men in high official position, berates them with reason or knowledge of facts, swells up with pride when some sycophantic pal pats him on the back and tells him to "go it old boy you're all right," and considers himself one of the greatest editors in the country. There is no sunshine in his life. He is weighted down by the woes of others, a weight however, that he never feels, for his sympathy is all a sham. He predicts universal poverty and national disruption, a condition that he knows will never prevail. He wall over universal political corruption (in the opposition party) damns indiscriminately every office-holder, from president down, and nauseates the entire community where his sheet circulates. He is a menace to good government, an ever prevailing storm cloud in the clear sky of national prosperity and a barnacle that eternally retards the progress of the ship of state. The infusion of an ounce of wisdom into his mental pabulum would disqualify him for further usefulness and his mission in life would be at an end. You will find him all over the country "in large quantities," with a following ever ready to accept as gospel any statement he may make regardless of how little truth it contains. Is there no way to eliminate him?

NEWS, NOTES AND COMMENTS.
 Counterfeit nickels are in circulation in Los Angeles.
 The Dreyfus case is about to cause a revolution in France.
 The pope of Rome is said to favor the establishment of a republic for Italy.
 Liliuokalani's book entitled "Hawaii's Story by Hawaii's Queen," will soon be given to the public.
 Conrad Beck, a machanic at St. Louis, Mo., has had his stomach removed by a surgeon and still lives.
 Charles M. Shortridge, editor of the San Francisco Mercury, and formerly editor of the San Francisco Call, is at Gilroy Hot Springs, and is dying.
 General Wm. Booth, the head of the Salvation Army has arrived in New York City and will visit the principal cities of this country.
 There is prospects of a rate war between the various transcontinental lines for Alaska passenger traffic that promises to assume large proportions in the spring.
 At Chicago Alfred C. Greenleaf showed the high opinion he held of suicide by jumping from the sixteenth story of the Masonic temple. Every bone in his body was broken.
 The catamounts of Rome are to be lighted by incandescent lights, furnished by an American company. This is just the light of the nineteenth century is to cast its radiance over the dead and forgotten past.
 A Tacoma special says: "A rail road building race involving the expenditure of \$16,000,000 has been commenced by two wealthy corporations, each of which desires to own the first railroad into the Yukon country. Each road will be about 400 miles long, running from Fairbanks harbor, near the head of Lynn canal, to points on Lewis river, below Five Finger rapids."

THE BANK OF ARIZONA.

Prescott, Arizona.
 Incorporated in 1877. The Oldest Bank in the Territory.
 Authorized Capital, - - - \$100,000
 Paid-Up Capital, - - - 50,000
 Undivided Profits, - - - 10,750
 HUGO RICHARDS, President
 E. W. WELLS, Vice President
 M. B. HAZELTINE, Cashier
 CORRESPONDENTS:
 Bank of California, - - - SAN FRANCISCO
 Bank of Commerce, - - - NEW YORK
 The Union Bank, - - - CHICAGO
 Farmers' Loan and Trust, - - - NEW YORK
 A General Banking Business Transacted.
 Deposits and Telegraphic Exchange on all the principal cities of the United States prompt and reliable.
 Collections receive prompt attention.
 Bank notes taken care of without charge.
 Electric Telephone No. 100.

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 SEE
 John E. Coker
 Office of Journal-Miner,
 Prescott, Arizona.

Mark, Davison & Co.
 COMMISSION MERCHANTS!
 DEALERS IN PRODUCE, POULTRY, FRUITS, HAY, GRAIN.
 Goods Delivered to all Parts of the City Free of Charge.
 Headquarters for SODA and MINERAL WATER.

Congress House!
 Dining Rooms
 NOW OPEN.
 MRS. HERRELL, - - - Proprietress
 Table is supplied with the best in the market.
 Short Orders Served if Desired.
 Regular luncheons and Dinners.
 White Help Employed.
 Patronage Solicited.

The following officers have been installed in Prescott Chapter No. 1, R. A. M.:
 W. J. Martin, H. P.
 N. Levy, K.
 R. H. Hetherington, S.
 G. H. Schermer, Treas.
 A. A. Johns, Sec.
 S. Hill, C. of H.
 M. Goldwater, P. S.
 W. M. Carden, R. A. C.
 A. D. Barnhart, J. Lawler, F. G. Brecht, M. of V. G.
 E. A. Johns, Guard.
 The following officers have been installed in Llanbho Commandery, K. T.:
 A. A. Johns, E. C.
 W. J. Martin, G.
 R. H. Hetherington, S.
 W. N. Kelly, Treas.
 J. W. Hawkins, Sec.
 E. W. Wells, S. W.
 J. Lawler, Std. B.
 G. H. Card, Std. B.
 F. G. Brecht, W.
 E. P. Holiday, Sen.

What's the Matter With Hanna?
 PHOENIX, Jan. 12.—[Special]—On today Hanna was elected by 56 votes from the house and 17 votes from the senate, to 52 votes from the house and 19 votes from the senate against him, giving him a majority of 2.

Established 1890.
 The Prescott National Bank
 PRESCOTT, ARIZONA.
 Capital Paid in, - \$100,000
 Surplus and Profits, - 25,000.
 FRANK M. MURPHY, President.
 MORRIS GOLDWATER, Vice President.
 HENRY KINSLAY, Cashier.
 W. C. HANCOCK, Asst. Cashier.
 DIRECTORS:
 FRANK M. MURPHY.
 MORRIS GOLDWATER.
 H. KINSLAY.
 R. N. FREDERICK.
 JOHN L. HANCOCK.
 E. L. GAGE.
 D. M. FERRY.
 Accounts of Individuals, Firms and Corporations Solicited on Favorable Terms.

LUMBER
 CLARK
 ADAMS
 Lumber Yard,
 PRESCOTT, - - - ARIZONA
 Oregon Pine Lumber,
 Redwood Shingles and
 Lumber for Sale.
 CLEAR Flooring, Siding, and any Dimension of
 Merchantable Lumber, Shingles and Laid
 at Bedrock Prices.
 Doors, Windows and Blinds
 WE WILL NOT BE UNDERSOLD!
 CLARK & ADAMS.

Alaska-Klondike
 GOLD
 FIELDS.
 ALL WATER ROUTE DIRECT TO
 DAWSON CITY.
 SECURE PASSAGE NOW.
 CAPACITY LIMITED.
 Fare \$100 - 1500 pounds baggage Free. Excess and Freight to extra points. 20 to 25 days
 Best for Men. Panhandle.
 The Alaska Exploration Company.
 Under management of H. Liebes & Co.,
 Office 129 Post St., SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
 Agencies in Principal Cities of the World.

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The Johnson House!
 Marina Street, PRESCOTT, ARIZ.
 MISS CHRISTINE JOHNSON, Prop.
 Well Furnished Rooms
 Excellent Board.
 PRICES REASONABLE.
 Give me a Call.

SUMMONS.
 In the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District, Territory of Arizona, County of Yavapai.
 LOTTIE BLAKELY, Plaintiff,
 versus
 CHARLES BLAKELY, Defendant.
 Summons No. 270.
 Action brought in an action brought against you by the above-named plaintiff in the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District, in and for the County of Yavapai, in the Territory of Arizona, and answered the complaint filed with the clerk of this court at Prescott, in said county, (a copy of which complaint accompanies this summons) within ten days, (exclusive of the day of service) after the service upon you of this summons; if served in this county; but if served out of the county and within the district, then within twenty days; where personal service of a copy of this summons and complaint is made out of the territory, or service by publication is made as provided by law, within twenty days after the completion thereof; in all other cases, thirty days.
 And you are hereby notified that if you fail to appear and answer the complaint as above required, the plaintiff will take judgment by default against you as prayed for in her complaint, and judgment for costs and disbursements in this behalf expended.
 Given under my hand and seal of said court, at Prescott, this 22nd day of December, A. D. 1907.
 J. M. WATTS, Clerk.
 FRANK H. HERRELL, Attorney for Plaintiff
 First publication, January 3, 1908.

Hotel Winsor
 Dining Room
 And Restaurant.
 The above has changed hands and is now owned and managed by
 CHOW & JIM.
 Fresh Fish, Oysters and
 Game in Season
 Family Trade a Specialty.
 All the Delicacies of the Season.
 Everything neat and Clean. Service first class.
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Arizona Ore
 Company.
 WM. CLAYPOOL, - - - Lessee
 Buyers of All Classes of
 ORES!
 SATISFACTION
 GUARANTEED

BRINKMEYER'S
 HOTEL
 MONTEZUMA STREET, PRESCOTT.
 HENRY BRINKMEYER, - - - Proprietor
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 Fine Liquors, Wines, Cigars
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